

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \textcircled{1} & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A| = - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & \textcircled{1} \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \textcircled{2} & 0 \end{vmatrix} = - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -4$$

$$= -(-2) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -4$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

cofactors

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ - \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ + \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = A'$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\det A} C^T$$


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LU factorization

$$A = LU$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \times & 0 \\ \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ 0 & \times & \times \\ 0 & \times & \times \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ax = L \underbrace{Ux}_y = b$$

$$Ly = b$$

$$Ux = y$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 6 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 3 & -6 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$u = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 6 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$


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### Cramer's Rule

$$Ax = b$$

$A$  invertible

$$|A| \neq 0$$

$$x_i = \frac{|A_i|}{|A|}$$

$$Ae_i = a_i$$

$$A_i = [a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{i-1}, \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ i\text{-th column}}}{b}, a_{i+1}, \dots, a_n]$$

$$Ax = b$$

$$I_i = [e_1, e_2, \dots, e_{i-1}, x, e_{i+1}, \dots, e_n]$$

$$AI_i = A_i$$

$$|A||I_i| = |A_i| = |A| x_i \quad x_i = \frac{|A_i|}{|A|}$$

$$|I_i| = \left| \begin{bmatrix} 1 & & 0 \\ & \ddots & \\ 0 & & 1 \\ & & & x \end{bmatrix} \right| = x_i$$


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$$\begin{bmatrix} x & & & \\ 0 & x & & \\ & 0 & x & \\ & & & x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} b_1 & a_{12} \\ b_2 & a_{22} \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix}}} = \frac{b_1 a_{22} - b_2 a_{12}}{a_{11} a_{22} - a_{12} a_{21}}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{a_{11} b_2 - a_{21} b_1}{a_{11} a_{22} - a_{12} a_{21}}$$