

Name:

Score:

Math 1321    Week 5 Worksheet    Due Thursday 02/13

1. (1 point) Compute the following cross product identities using the properties on page 656.

(a)  $\mathbf{j} \times \mathbf{i} =$

(b)  $\mathbf{j} \times \mathbf{k} =$

(c)  $\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{i} =$

(d)  $\mathbf{i} \times \mathbf{k} =$

2. (2 points) Find the line  $L$  through the points  $P = (-2, 1)$  and  $Q = (3, 2)$

(a) Write  $L$  as a line in vector(parametric) form

(b) Convert your previous answer to a line in scalar(standard) form, i.e.  $ax + by = c$ .

3. (4 points) Find the equation of the plane that passes through the point  $P = (-3, 1, 1)$  and contains the line  $L$ ,  $x = 1 - t$ ,  $y = 2 + t$ , and  $z = 4 - 6t$ .

(a) Write your answer in part *a* in scalar(standard) form, i.e  $ax + by + cz = d$  .

(b) Verify your answer by checking that  $P$  and two points on the line  $L$  belong to the plane.

4. (2 points) Find the distance from the point  $P = (-6, 3, 5)$  to the plane  $3x + 2y + 6z = 5$ .

5. (2 points) Find the distance between the parallel planes  $6z = 4y - 2x$  and  $9z = 1 - 3x + 6y$ .

Review

6. (Make up 1 point) Determine whether the series is absolutely convergent for  $r < 1$ .

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k(r)^k$$

7. (Make up 1 point) Prove that  $.999999\dots = 1$

8. (Make up 1 point) Compute the Taylor series centered about  $a = 1$  for  $f(x) = 10^x$ .