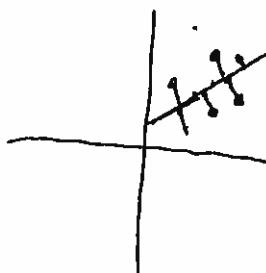


15. (Chapter 4: 20 points) Least squares can be used to find the best fit line for the points $(1, 2)$, $(2, 2)$, $(3, 0)$. Without finding the line equation, describe how to do it, in a few sentences.

find \vec{x} of $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$ by , using $y = v_1x + v_2$, where $\vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix}$

plugging that into the normal equation $A^T A \vec{y} = A^T \vec{b}$, then
solve.

Picture



The regression fits a best fit line by taking the average distance from the data points and plots a linear or non-linear line/curve. The best fit line is interpolated from the data points that have been collected.

$$y = x \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$