## **7.22.** For all $t \in \mathbf{R}$ , as $r \uparrow 1$ ,

$$E\left[\exp\left(it\sqrt{1-r}\sum_{j=0}^{\infty}r^{j}X_{j}\right)\right] = \prod_{j=0}^{\infty}E\left[\exp\left(it\sqrt{1-r}r^{j}X_{1}\right)\right]$$
$$\approx \prod_{j=0}^{\infty}\left(1 - \frac{t^{2}\sigma^{2}(1-r)r^{2j}}{2}\right)$$
$$\approx \exp\left(-\frac{t^{2}\sigma^{2}(1-r)}{2}\sum_{j=0}^{\infty}r^{2j}\right) \approx e^{-t^{2}\sigma^{2}/4}.$$

Therefore, 
$$\sqrt{1-r}\sum_{j=0}^{\infty}r^{j}X_{j} \Rightarrow N(0,\sigma^{2}/2).$$